This Safety Data Sheet is prepared in accordance with Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

SEAJET 015 UNDERWATER PRIMER

Product code: 255VR - Version 2 - Revision Date: 10-09-2019

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paint and/or related product.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Chugoku Paints B.V., Sluisweg 12, 4794 SW Heijningen, Po Box 73, 4793 ZH Fijnaart, The Netherlands, Tel.+31-167-526100, E-mail: msdsregistration@cmpeurope.eu

1.4. Emergency telephone number

National Poisons Information Service: England & Wales / NHS dial 111, Scotland NHS 24, http://www.npis.org

N.Ireland, Contact your local GP or pharmacist during normal hours,

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].		
Flam. Liq. 3 H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
Skin Irrit. 2 H315	Causes skin irritation.	
Eye Irrit. 2 H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Skin Sens. 1 H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
STOT SE 3 H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
STOT RE 2 H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aquatic Chronic 3 H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

2.2. Label elements Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.



H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting offects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effect	ts.
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Precautionary stat	ements:
Prevention:	
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260	Do not breathe vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection.





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Product code: 255VR - Version 2 - Revision Date: 10-09-2019

Response: P305+P351+P338

P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage & Disposal: -

Contains (EC 1272/2008 18.3(b)): Reaction mass of Ethylbenzene and Xylene. Isobutyl Methyl Ketone. Bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane.

Contains epoxy constituents. See information supplied by the manufacturer. - This information is supplied in the present Safety Data Sheet.

Extended details regarding health and environment, see section 11 & 12.

Supplemental hazard information:

The mixture may be a skin sensitiser. It may also be a skin irritant and repeated contact may increase this effect.

2.3. Other hazards: Not available.





SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard within the meaning of Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community workplace exposure limit, classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List.

(*) See Section 16 for full text.

Substance Name	Reg.nr's	Conc.range	Symbol	Т	·
Hydrocarbons, C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene.	EG-nr: 918-811-1			Hazard statement (*) H304 - Asp. Tox. 1	-
	CAS-nr: 1189173-42-9	15-20		H336 - STOT SE 3 H411 - Aquatic Chronic 2	-
Reach #: 01-2119463583-34	Index: -	, 		EUH066 	- M(ac)=1 M(chr)=1
Reaction Mass Of Ethylbenzene And Xylene.	EG-nr: 905-588-0			Hazard statement (*) H226 - Flam. Liq. 3	H319 - Eye Irrit. 2
	CAS-nr: -	10-15	· · ·	H304 - Asp. Tox. 1 H312 - Acute Tox. 4	H332 - Acute Tox. 4 H335 - STOT SE 3
Reach #: 01-2119488216-32	Index: -	 		H315 - Skin Irrit. 2	H373 - STOT RE 2
Isobutyl Methyl Ketone.	EG-nr: 203-550-1			Hazard statement (*) H225 - Flam. Liq. 2	EUH066
	CAS-nr: 108-10-1	5-10		H332 - Acute Tox. 4 H319 - Eye Irrit. 2	-
Reach #: 01-2119473980-30	Index: 606-004-00-4			H335 - STOT SE 3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Aluminium Powder (Stabilised).	EG-nr: 231-072-3	4 1		Hazard statement (*) H228	
	CAS-nr: 7429-90-5	1-5	۲	H261 -	-
Reach #: 01-2119529243-45	Index: 013-002-00-1	¦			·
Bis-[4-(2,3-Epoxipropoxi)Phenyl]Propane.	EG-nr: 216-823-5	j i		Hazard statement (*) H319 - Eye Irrit. 2	-
	CAS-nr: 1675-54-3	0,1-1	< I X T77 >	H315 - Skin Irrit. 2 H317-(1B) - Skin Sens. 1B	-
Reach #: 01-2119456619-26	Index: 603-073-00-2			H411 - Aquatic Chronic 2	M(ac)=1 M(chr)=1
Naphtha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy.	EG-nr: 265-150-3		\land	Hazard statement (*) H226 - Flam. Liq. 3	-
	CAS-nr: 64742-48-9	0,1-1		H304 - Asp. Tox. 1 H336 - STOT SE 3	-
Reach #: 01-2119486659-16	Index: 649-327-00-6	 ¦¦			·
Methanol.	EG-nr: 200-659-6			Hazard statement (*) H225 - Flam. Liq. 2	H370** - STOT SE 1
	CAS-nr: 67-56-1	0,1-0,5		H331 - Acute Tox. 3 H311 - Acute Tox. 3	-
Reach #: 01-2119433307-44	Index: 603-001-00-X	ļ	· 	H301 - Acute Tox. 3 	-



This Safety Data Sheet is prepared in accordance with Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. SEAJET 015 UNDERWATER PRIMER



Product code: 255VR - Version 2 - Revision Date: 10-09-2019

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures



In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

Inhalation



Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

Skin contact



Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Eye contact



Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Ingestion



If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute symptoms and effects

Inhalation

Exposure to vapours may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact

Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact

Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed symptoms and effects

Inhalation

No specific data.

Skin contact

Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness

Eye contact

Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, watering, redness

Ingestion

No specific data.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Notes to physician

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

No specific treatment.





SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media



Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray/mist **Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:**

Water jet. Zincdust containing products should not be extinguished with water.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire will produce dense black smoke.

Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. See Section 10.

Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapours.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewage, inform appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite,

diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13).

Clean preferably with a detergent - avoid use of solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded.

Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. No sparking tools should be used.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear anti-static footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Isolate from sources of heat, sparks and open flame.

Avoid skin and eye contact.

Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates and spray mist arising from the application of this mixture.

Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in application area.

For personal protection see Section 8.

Never use pressure to empty: container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or water courses.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.







Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Store away from oxidising agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 0°C and 40°C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Application: Airless spray, brush, roller (See also the Technical Datasheet)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters			
Limits for occupational exposure	GB	EU	
and / or biological limit values	LIMIT VALUES TWA8h - STEL15 ppm-mg/m ³	LIMIT VALUES TWA8h - STEL15 ppm-mg/m ³	
Hydrocarbons, C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene.	TWA8h - ppm / - mg/m³	TWA8h - ppm / - mg/m³	
	STEL - ppm / - mg/m ³	STEL15 - ppm / - mg/m ³	
	Annotations -	Notation -	
Reaction Mass Of Ethylbenzene And Xylene.	TWA8h - ppm / - mg/m³	TWA8h - ppm / - mg/m³	
	STEL - ppm / - mg/m ³	STEL15 - ppm / - mg/m ³	
	Annotations -	Notation -	
Isobutyl Methyl Ketone.	TWA8h 50 ppm / 208 mg/m ³	TWA8h 20 ppm / 83 mg/m ³	
	STEL 100 ppm / 416 mg/m ³	STEL15 50 ppm / 208 mg/m ³	
	Annotations Sk	Notation -	
Aluminium Powder (Stabilised).	TWA8h - ppm / 10inh,4resp. mg/m ³	TWA8h - ppm / - mg/m³	
	STEL - ppm / - mg/m ³	STEL15 - ppm / - mg/m ³	
	Annotations -	Notation -	
Bis-[4-(2,3-Epoxipropoxi)Phenyl]Propane.	TWA8h - ppm / - mg/m³	TWA8h - ppm / - mg/m³	
	STEL - ppm / - mg/m ³	STEL15 - ppm / - mg/m ³	
	Annotations -	Notation -	
Naphtha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy.	TWA8h - ppm / - mg/m³	TWA8h 20 ppm / 116 mg/m ³	
	STEL - ppm / - mg/m ³	STEL15 50 ppm / 290 mg/m ³	
	Annotations -	Notation Skin	
Methanol.	TWA8h 200 ppm / 266 mg/m ³	TWA8h 200 ppm / 260 mg/m ³	
	STEL 250 ppm / 333 mg/m ³	STEL15 - ppm / - mg/m ³	
	Annotations Sk	Notation Skin	

U.K. - TWA=Time Weighted Average (8hr) - STEL=Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) - H.S.E. Health and Safety Commission.

Europe - TWA = Time Weight Average (8hr) - Measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours timeweighted average (TWA) - STEL = Short-term exposure limit - A limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period unless otherwise specified - SCOEL Annotations / Notations:

BMGVs: Biological monitoring guidance values.

Carc: Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.





Inh.: Inhalable fraction.

Resp.: Respirable fraction.

Sen: Capable of causing occupational asthma.

Sk: Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.

Skin: A skin notation assigned to the occupational exposure limit value indicates the possibility of significant uptake through the skin.

DNEL

DNEL - Not available

PNEC

PNEC - Not available

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation.

Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment Personal Protection

Respiratory protection



If workers could be exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they should use a respirator to EN 140, fitted with a filter suitable for both particulates and vapours to EN14387, with an assigned protection factor of at least 10 (e.g. A2P3)

Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film may give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes.

Wet sanding should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

Hand protection



There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. At repeated or prolonged contact; gloves (EN374).

Viton-gloves offer good protection for intense contact with most solvents, e.g. complete immersion in solvent. Nitrile gloves offer good protection during spray application.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin, they should however not be applied once exposure has occured.

Gloves for repeated or prolonged exposure (Permeation breakthrough times > 480 min) - High Protection:			
Material:	Minimum Thickness:	Chemical resistance:	
Polyethylene (PE) Gloves	0,062mm	High	





Gloves for repeated or prolonged expos	sure (Permeation breakthrough times 240 - 4	80 min) - High Protection:
Material:	Minimum Thickness:	Chemical resistance:
Polyethylene (PE) Gloves	0,062mm	High
Gloves for repeated or prolonged expos	sure (Permeation breakthrough times 120-24	0 min) - Medium Protection:
Material:	Minimum Thickness:	Chemical resistance:
Polyethylene (PE) Gloves	0,062mm	High
Gloves for repeated or prolonged expose Material:	sure (Permeation breakthrough times 60 - 12 Minimum Thickness:	0 min) - Medium Protection: Chemical resistance:
Polyethylene (PE) Gloves	0,062mm	High
Gloves for short term exposure / splash	protection (Permeation breakthrough times	s 30 - 60 min):
Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves	Minimum Thickness: 0,062mm	Chemical resistance: High
Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Nitrile Gloves	0,062mm 0,425mm	Chemical resistance: High High
Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Nitrile Gloves Gloves for short term exposure / splash	0,062mm 0,425mm protection (Permeation breakthrough times	Chemical resistance: High High s 10 - 30 min):
Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Nitrile Gloves Gloves for short term exposure / splash Material:	0,062mm 0,425mm protection (Permeation breakthrough times Minimum Thickness:	Chemical resistance: High High 5 10 - 30 min): Chemical resistance:
Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Nitrile Gloves Gloves for short term exposure / splash	0,062mm 0,425mm protection (Permeation breakthrough times	Chemical resistance: High High s 10 - 30 min):
Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Nitrile Gloves Gloves for short term exposure / splash Material:	0,062mm 0,425mm protection (Permeation breakthrough times Minimum Thickness:	Chemical resistance: High High 5 10 - 30 min): Chemical resistance:
Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Nitrile Gloves Gloves for short term exposure / splash Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves	0,062mm 0,425mm protection (Permeation breakthrough times Minimum Thickness: 0,062mm	Chemical resistance: High 5 10 - 30 min): Chemical resistance: High
Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves <u>Nitrile Gloves</u> Gloves for short term exposure / splash Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Butyl Viton Gloves	0,062mm 0,425mm protection (Permeation breakthrough times Minimum Thickness: 0,062mm 0,70mm	Chemical resistance: High s 10 - 30 min): Chemical resistance: High High
Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Nitrile Gloves Gloves for short term exposure / splash Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Butyl Viton Gloves Neoprene Gloves Nitrile Gloves	0,062mm 0,425mm protection (Permeation breakthrough times Minimum Thickness: 0,062mm 0,70mm <0,4mm	Chemical resistance: High 5 10 - 30 min): Chemical resistance: High High High High
Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Nitrile Gloves Gloves for short term exposure / splash Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Butyl Viton Gloves Neoprene Gloves Nitrile Gloves	0,062mm 0,425mm protection (Permeation breakthrough times Minimum Thickness: 0,062mm 0,70mm <0,4mm 0,38mm	Chemical resistance: High 5 10 - 30 min): Chemical resistance: High High High High
Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Nitrile Gloves Gloves for short term exposure / splash Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Butyl Viton Gloves Neoprene Gloves Nitrile Gloves Non suitable Gloves - non exhaustive lis Material: Natural Rubber Gloves	0,062mm 0,425mm protection (Permeation breakthrough times Minimum Thickness: 0,062mm 0,70mm <0,4mm 0,38mm st (Permeation breakthrough times < 10 min Thickness (or less): 0,75mm	Chemical resistance: High 5 10 - 30 min): Chemical resistance: High High High High
Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Nitrile Gloves Gloves for short term exposure / splash Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Butyl Viton Gloves Neoprene Gloves Nitrile Gloves Non suitable Gloves - non exhaustive lis Material: Natural Rubber Gloves	0,062mm 0,425mm protection (Permeation breakthrough times Minimum Thickness: 0,062mm 0,70mm <0,4mm 0,38mm st (Permeation breakthrough times < 10 min Thickness (or less):	Chemical resistance: High 5 10 - 30 min): Chemical resistance: High High High High
Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Nitrile Gloves Gloves for short term exposure / splash Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Butyl Viton Gloves Neoprene Gloves Nitrile Gloves Non suitable Gloves - non exhaustive lis Material: Natural Rubber Gloves Nitrile Gloves	0,062mm 0,425mm protection (Permeation breakthrough times Minimum Thickness: 0,062mm 0,70mm <0,4mm 0,38mm st (Permeation breakthrough times < 10 min Thickness (or less): 0,75mm	Chemical resistance: High 5 10 - 30 min): Chemical resistance: High High High High
Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Nitrile Gloves Gloves for short term exposure / splash Material: Polyethylene (PE) Gloves Butyl Viton Gloves Neoprene Gloves Nitrile Gloves Non suitable Gloves - non exhaustive list Material:	0,062mm 0,425mm protection (Permeation breakthrough times Minimum Thickness: 0,062mm 0,70mm <0,4mm 0,38mm st (Permeation breakthrough times < 10 min Thickness (or less): 0,75mm 0,31mm	Chemical resistance: High 5 10 - 30 min): Chemical resistance: High High High High

Due to many conditions (e.g. temperature, abrasion) the practical usage of a chemical protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined through testing.

USE PE gloves as under gloves for difficult situations like for instance: high exposure, unknown composition or unknown properties of the chemicals.

Eye/face protection



Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids (EN166).



This Safety Data Sheet is prepared in accordance with Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. SEAJET 015 UNDERWATER PRIMER



Product code: 255VR - Version 2 - Revision Date: 10-09-2019

Skin protection



Personnel should wear anti-static clothing made of natural fibre or of high temperature resistant synthetic fibre.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

(a) Appearance	: Liquid			
(b) Odour	: Typical			
(c) Odour threshold	: Testing not feasible due to nature of the product.			
(d) pH	: Not applicable due to nature of the product.			
(e) Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable due to	nature of the product.		
(f) Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not applicable due to	nature of the product.		
(g) Flash point		5TM D3278-96 / ISO137	36	
(h) Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable due to	nature of the product.		
(i) Vapour density	: Heavier than air			
(j) Relative density	: 1,27 @ 20⁰C	Method: ASTM D1475-	98	
(k) Solubility(ies)	: Not Soluble (in water).			
(I) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not applicable due to nature of the product.			
(m) Auto-ignition temperature / Decomposition temperatur	e : Testing not feasible du	ue to nature of the produ	uct.	
(n) Viscosity	: >20,5 mm²/s @40ºC (ISO3219-B)			
(o) Explosive properties	: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an			
	explosive mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.			
(p) Oxidising properties	: Not applicable due to	nature of the product.		
Substance name	(q) Explosive limits	(r) Evaporation rate	(s) Vapour pressure	
Hydrocarbons, C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene.	Not available	Not available	1 Kpa	
Reaction Mass Of Ethylbenzene And Xylene.	1.0-7.0%	Not available	8.0 mbar	
Isobutyl Methyl Ketone.	1.2-8.0%	1,6	25 mbar	
Aluminium Powder (Stabilised).	Not available	Not available	Not available	
Bis-[4-(2,3-Epoxipropoxi)Phenyl]Propane.	Not applicable	Not available	4.6x10-8 Pa	
Naphtha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy.	0.6-7%	Not available	0,3 kPa	
Methanol.	5.5-44%	Not available	128 mbar	

9.2. Other information

No additional information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

In combination with oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials, exothermic reactions and/or explosive reactions may occur or toxic vapours may arise.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.





10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrochloric acid etc.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

The mixture has been assessed following the additivity method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly.

See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting

in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhoea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of

components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Contains Bis-[4-(2,3-Epoxipropoxi)Phenyl]Propane. May produce an allergic reaction.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. It contains low molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membrane and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitisation, possibly with cross-sensitisation to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray mist and vapour should be avoided.

Substance name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Hydrocarbons, C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Reaction Mass Of Ethylbenzene And Xylene.	>2000 mg/kg, Rat	>2000 mg/kg, Rat	29 mg/lRat,4h
Isobutyl Methyl Ketone.	2080 mg/kg, Rat	>2000 mg/kg, Rabbit	8,2-16,4 mg/lRat,4h
Aluminium Powder (Stabilised).	>2000 mg/kg, Rat	Not available.	888 mg/kgRat,4h
Bis-[4-(2,3-Epoxipropoxi)Phenyl]Propane.	>15000 mg/kg, Rabbit	23000 mg/kg, Rabbit	Not available.
Naphtha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy.	>5000 mg/kg, Rat	>5000 mg/kg, Rabbit	>5 mg/lRat,4h
Methanol.	5628 mg/kg, Rat	15800 mg/kg, Rabbit	2,8 mg/kgRat,4h

Conclusion/Summary

Acute Toxicity

ATEmix (oral) ATEmix (Dermal) ATEmix (Inhalation)

- : No specific data.
- : No specific data.
 - : No specific data.



This Safety Data Sheet is prepared in accordance with Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. <u>SEAJET 015 UNDERWATER PRIMER</u>



Product code: 255VR - Version 2 - Revision Date: 10-09-2019

Skin corrosion/irritation:	
Conclusion/Summary on mixture	: Causes skin irritation.
	: Method: Additivity approach, no testdata available.
Serious eye damage/irritation:	
Conclusion/Summary on mixture	: Causes serious eye irritation.
	: Method: Additivity approach, no testdata available.
Respiratory or skin sensitization:	
Conclusion/Summary on mixture	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	: Method: Concentration Limit, no testdata available.
	: No specific data on Respiratory sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity:	
Conclusion/Summary on mixture	: No specific data.
·	
Carcinogenicity:	
Conclusion/Summary on mixture	: No specific data.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Reproductive toxicity:	
Conclusion/Summary on mixture	: No specific data.
STOT - single exposure:	
Conclusion/Summary on mixture	: No specific data.
Conclusion/Summary on mixture	. No specific data.
STAT - rapated expective	
STOT - repeated exposure:	May appear down and to arrange through prolonged or reported averaging
Conclusion/Summary on mixture	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Assistion borond.	: Method: Concentration Limit, no testdata available.
Aspiration hazard:	
Conclusion/Summary on mixture	: No specific data.
Information on likely routes of exposure	
Inhalation	: Exposure to vapours may cause a health hazard.
	Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemica	l and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Cough
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, watering, redness
Delayed and immediate effects and also ch	ronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: No specific data.
Potential delayed effects	: No specific data.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: No specific data.
Potential delayed effects	: No specific data.
Potential chronic health effects	'
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently
	exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	: No known significant effects of childal hazards.



This Safety Data Sheet is prepared in accordance with Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. <u>SEAJET 015 UNDERWATER PRIMER</u>



Product code: 255VR - Version 2 - Revision Date: 10-09-2019

SECTION 12: Ecological information

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or water courses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified for eco-toxicological hazards.

12.1. Toxicity

Substance name	Results - Species - Exposure
Hydrocarbons, C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene.	EC50/48h >=3<=10 mg/l (Daphnia magna), LC50/96h >=2<=5 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss), IC50 - Not available
Reaction Mass Of Ethylbenzene And Xylene.	EC50/48h 1-10 mg/l (Daphnia magna), LC50/96h - 13.4 mg/l Fathead minnow, IC50/72h
Isobutyl Methyl Ketone.	EC50/48h 170 mg/l (Daphnia magna), LC50/96h 505 mg/l (Pimephales promelas), IC50/16h >100 mg/l (Scenedesmus subspicatus)
Aluminium Powder (Stabilised).	EC50 - Not available, LC50 - Not available, IC50 - Not available
Bis-[4-(2,3-Epoxipropoxi)Phenyl]Propane.	EC50/48h 1,8 mg/l (Daphnia magna), LC50/96h 2 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss), IC50/8h >42,6 mg/l (Bacteria)
Naphtha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy.	EC50/48h >1000 mg/l (Daphnia magna), LC50/96h >1000 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss), IC50 - Not available
Methanol.	EC50 - Not available, LC50/96h 7900-27700 mg/l (fish), IC50 - Not available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Substance name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hydrocarbons, C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene.	Not available	Not available	Not available
Reaction Mass Of Ethylbenzene And Xylene.	3,1	25,9	Low
Isobutyl Methyl Ketone.	1,31	Not available	Low
Aluminium Powder (Stabilised).	Not available	Not available	Not available
Bis-[4-(2,3-Epoxipropoxi)Phenyl]Propane.	3,242	31 L/kg ww	Not available
Naphtha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy.	5-6,7	Not available	Not available
Methanol.	-0,74	<10	Low

12.4. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC) Mobility

: Not available : Not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not available

12.6. Other adverse effects

Not available





SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste is 08 01 11. If this product is mixed with other wastes, this code may no longer apply. If mixed with other wastes, the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information contact your local waste authority. Do not allow into drains or water courses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Containers which are not properly cleaned may contain (highly) flammable or explosive vapours.

Special precautions:

Use appropriate protective equipment for the removal and / or disposal of this product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG and ICAO/IATA.

	ADR/RID/ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number	UN 1263	UN 1263	UN 1263
14.2. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Carriage in accordance with 2.2.3.1.5	Transport in accordance with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG Code (<30L)	3
Hazard labels			
14.4. Packing group			
14.5. Environmental hazards	No	No Marine Pollutant: No	No
Additional information	Hazard Identification Number: -	EmS: F-E, S-E	The "viscosity exemption" provision does not apply to air transport.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Transport within the user's premises:

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure.

Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable.





SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to

* Annex II to regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and its amendments.

* the provisions of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act [and the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations] apply to the use of this product at work.

The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

The product is classified and labelled for supply in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Rationale:

- H226 Measured
- H315 Additivity approach
- H319 Additivity approach
- H317 Concentration limit
- H335 Additivity approach
- H373 Concentration limit
- H412 Summation method

Abbreviations and acronyms:

- ADR : European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ADN : European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
- ATE : Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF : Bioconcentration factor
- CLP : Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- DNEL : Derived No Effect Level
- IATA : International Air Transport Association
- IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- Kow : octanol-water partition coefficient
- LC50 : Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
- LD50 : Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
- PBT : Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
- PNEC : Predicted No Effect Concentration(s)
- RID : Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- STOT : Specific Target Organ Toxicity
- vPvB : Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
- Note W : It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this substance arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung. This note aims to describe the particular toxicity of the substance; it does not constitute a criterion for classification according to this Regulation.





Full text of Hazard Statements appearing in Section 3.2:

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H228 Flammable solid.
- H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases.
- H301 Toxic if swallowed.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317-(1B) May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H331 Toxic if inhaled.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H370** Causes damage to organs.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Amendments: 10-09-2019, §2,3,8,9,11,12&16

The information of this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The product should not be used for purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. Unless indicated elsewhere in this safety data sheet, the classification of this mixture has been determined using a combination of test data, bridging principles and calculation.