# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Crystic 1355PA

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product code : Crystic 1355PA
Product code : C3002300
Product type : Liquid.

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Resins.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Scott Bader Co Ltd,

Wollaston.

Northants

Normania

NN297RL United Kingdom

+44 (0)1933663100

e-mail address of person

: SDS@scottbader.com

responsible for this SDS

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Telephone number

**Telephone number** : +44 1865 407333 (NCEC) 24h

(Hours of operation)

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226

Acute Tox. 4, H332

Skin Irrit. 2, H315

Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Skin Sens. 1, H317

Carc. 2, H351

Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)

**STOT SE 3, H335** 

STOT RE 1, H372

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**Hazard pictograms** 







Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention**: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye/face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

Response : P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water.

Storage: P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : styrene

antimony trioxide

cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

phthalic anhydride

Supplemental label

elements

articles

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture : Mixture

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

			<u>Classification</u>	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Type
<b>s</b> tyrene	REACH #: 01-2119457861-32 EC: 202-851-5 CAS: 100-42-5 Index: 601-026-00-0	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child) STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
antimony trioxide	REACH #: 01-2119475613-35 EC: 215-175-0 CAS: 1309-64-4 Index: 051-005-00-X	≤10	Carc. 2, H351	[1] [2]
cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7	≤0.3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361f (Fertility) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
phthalic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119457017-41 EC: 201-607-5 CAS: 85-44-9 Index: 607-009-00-4	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤0.1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	REACH #: 01-2119450011-60 EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≤0.1	Not classified.	[2]
lead compounds	EC: 215-267-0 CAS: 1317-36-8 Index: 082-001-00-6	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Repr. 1A, H360FD (Fertility and Unborn child) Lact., H362 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact** 

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### **Protection of first-aiders**

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**: Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### Ingestion

 Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

: Do not use water jet.

media

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

halogenated compounds

carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# **6.2 Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

**Named substances** 

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Name	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
Arsenic trioxide, arsenious (III) acid and/or salts	-	0.1

#### **Danger criteria**

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b	5000	50000

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available. **Industrial sector specific** : Not available.

solutions

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
styrene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 430 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 1080 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
antimony trioxide	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours.
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Inhalation
	sensitiser.
nhthalia anhydrida	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.
phthalic anhydride	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Inhalation sensitiser.
	STEL: 12 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 4 mg/m³ 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
, , , , , ,	through skin.
	TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
lead compounds	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Notes: list of binding occupational
	exposure limit values
	TWA: 0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

#### **Recommended monitoring** procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
styrene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	306 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	406 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	85 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	174.25 mg/ m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	182.75 mg/ m³	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	343 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10.2 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2.1 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
antimony trioxide	DNEL	Long term Dermal	281 mg/kg bw/day	-	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	Local
phthalic anhydride	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	10 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	10 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	8.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	32.2 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic

## **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	<b>Compartment Detail</b>	Value	Method Detail
styrene	Fresh water	0.028 mg/l	-
•	Marine water	0.0028 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.614 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0614 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.2 mg/kg dwt	-
	Sewage Treatment	5 mg/l	-
	Plant		
antimony trioxide	Fresh water	0.113 mg/l	-
-	Marine water	0.0113 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	7.8 mg/kg wwt	-
	Marine water sediment	1.56 mg/kg wwt	-
	Soil	37 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	32.6 mg/kg wwt	-
	Sewage Treatment	2.55 mg/l	-
	Plant		
phthalic anhydride	Soil	0.153 mg/kg	-
•	Sewage Treatment	10 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	0.826 mg/kg	-

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Marine water sediment	0.38 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
Marine water	0.1 mg/l	-
Fresh water	1 mg/l	-
Marine water sediment	0.0826 mg/kg	-
	0.00=0gg	

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

**Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Not available.

Odour : Solvent

Odour threshold : Not available.

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# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

: Not available. Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

: Not available.

: Closed cup: 23 to Flash point

37.8°C

: Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. **Burning time** : Not applicable. : Not applicable. **Burning rate** Upper/lower flammability or : Not available.

explosive limits

Vapour pressure : Not available. : Not available. Vapour density Relative density : 1.1 to 1.2 : Not available. Solubility(ies) Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

: Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

: Kinematic (40°C): >0.4 cm<sup>2</sup>/s **Viscosity** 

**Explosive properties** : Not available. : Not available. **Oxidising properties** 

9.2 Other information

**Heat of combustion Enclosed space ignition -**

Time equivalent

: Not available. : Not applicable.

No additional information.

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. 10.1 Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

10.6 Hazardous : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products decomposition products should not be produced.

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
styrene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	2770 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2650 mg/kg	-
antimony trioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>8300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>20000 mg/kg	-
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
phthalic anhydride	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3160 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1530 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (gases) Inhalation (vapours)	10774.5 ppm 45.9 mg/l

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
styrene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	50 parts per million	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
lead compounds	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

#### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
phthalic anhydride	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

## **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
phthalic anhydride	OECD 479 Genetic Toxicology: In vitro Sister Chromatid Exchange Assay in Mammalian Cells	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Carcinogenicity** 

: Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
styrene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
phthalic anhydride	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
styrene	Category 1	Not determined	hearing organs

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result	
styrene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Information on likely routes

of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

# <u>Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
styrene	Chronic NOAEL Dermal	Rat	615 mg/kg	-
	Chronic NOAEL Inhalation Gas.	Rat	20 ppm	8 hours
phthalic anhydride	Chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

General

: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

iow ieveis.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

Developmental effects

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Fertility effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<b>s</b> tyrene	Acute EC50 1400 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 33 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4700 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 52 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4020 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.01 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
antimony trioxide	Acute EC50 >36.6 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
,	Acute EC50 >25.5 mg/l	Aquatic plants	4 days
	Acute EC50 560 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute EC50 423450 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.9 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Pagrus major	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2.11 to 4 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.74 to 3.13 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 1.13 to 2.31 mg/l	Fish	28 days
phthalic anhydride	NOEC 16 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
	Acute EC50 >640 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Micro-organism	3 hours
	Acute NOEC 32 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute NOEC >100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
lead compounds	Acute LC50 132 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 298 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate	96 hours

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
phthalic anhydride	-	85.2 % - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
styrene	-	-	Readily
antimony trioxide	-	-	Readily
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	-	-	Not readily
phthalic anhydride	-	-	Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
styrene cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) phthalic anhydride 1-methoxy-2-propanol (2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	0.35 - 1.6 <1 0.004	13.49 15600 3.4 -	low high low low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** 

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

**Packaging** 

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Special precautions** 

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1866	UN1866	UN1866
14.2 UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION	RESIN SOLUTION	Resin solution
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Hazard identification number 30 Limited quantity 5 L Special provisions 640E Tunnel code (D/E)	Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ Special provisions 223, 955	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. <b>Quantity limitation</b> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344. <b>Special provisions</b> A3

14.6 Special precautions for user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

: Not available.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

#### **Other EU regulations**

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
styrene	-	-	Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)	-
antimony trioxide	Carc. 2, H351	-	-	_
cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	-	-	-	Repr. 2, H361f (Fertility)
lead compounds	-	-	Repr. 1A, H360D (Unborn child) Lact., H362	Repr. 1A, H360F (Fertility)

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### **Named substances**

#### Name

Arsenic trioxide, arsenious (III) acid and/or salts

#### **Danger criteria**

#### Category

P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b

### **National regulations**

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	cobalt compounds	Carc.	-

#### **International regulations**

Listed on inventory. : Not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms**: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

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# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Classifica	tion	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)		On basis of test data Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H315 Causes skin irrit. H317 May cause an al H318 Causes serious H319 Causes serious H332 Harmful if inhale H334 May cause aller H335 May cause respi H336 May cause drow H351 Suspected of ca H360FD May damage fer H361d Suspected of da H361f Suspected of da H362 May cause harm H372 Causes damage H400 Very toxic to aqu H410 Very toxic to aqu	owed. wallowed and enters airways. ation. llergic skin reaction. eye damage. eye irritation. ed. gy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. irratory irritation. visiness or dizziness. lusing cancer. rtility. May damage the unborn child. lumaging the unborn child. lumaging fertility. In to breast-fed children. e to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	·	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Effects on or via lactation REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility and Unborn child) - Category 1A REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Unborn child) - Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility) - Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility) - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

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EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

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