

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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POLYCOR PATCH AID 2671

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

SDS n°: FP12710

Product name Chemical Name Pure substance/mixture POLYCOR PATCH AID 2671
Gel Coat polyester for composites.

Mixture

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) KFK0-502U-Q00A-9YGX

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified usesTo form a protective and decorative layer for GRP composites. Contact us before using

for food contact application.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Polynt Composites France S.A.

Route d'Arras CS 50019 62320 Drocourt, France Tel: (+33) 3 21 74 84 00 - Fax: (+33) 3 21 49 55 84

Polynt S.p.A.

Via Enrico Fermi, 51 24020 Scanzorosciate (BG), Italy Tel: (+39) 035 652 111 - Fax: (+39) 035 652 421

Polynt Composites Spain, S.L.U.

Avenida República Argentina S/N 09200 Miranda de Ebro - Burgos, Spain

Tel: (+34) 947 027 202 - Fax: (+34) 947 31 45 40

Polynt Composites Poland Sp. z o.o.

ul. Grabska 11d, 32-005 Niepołomice, Poland Tel: (+48) 12 281 42 00 - Fax: (+48) 12 281 42 01

Polynt Composites Norway AS

Lilleborggata 4, 1630 Gamle Fredrikstad, Norway Tel : (+47) 693 570 00 - Fax : (+47) 693 570 01

Polynt Composites Stallingborough UK Ltd.

Laporte Road, Stallingborough - Near Grimsby North East Lincolnshire DN41 8DR,

United Kingdom

Tel: (+44) 1469 552 570 - Fax: (+44) 1469 552 597

The supplier of the product is, among those indicated above, the one identified on the label and / or in the sales documents

For further information, please contact

E-mail address sdsregulatory@polynt.com
Internet Address http://www.polynt.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

	This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.
Europe :	+44 1235 239 670

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Middle East/Africa:	+44 1235 239 671
East/South East Asia :	+65 3158 1412
America :	+1 215 207 0061

Poison Information Centre telephone number

European emergency phone number: 112

UK: National Poisons Emergency Number: 0845 4647

Ireland: National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC)Telephone Healthcare

Professionals: +353 (01) 809 2566. (24 hour service) Telephone Members of Public:

+353 (01) 809 2166. (8.00 a.m. to 10.00 p.m. 7 days a week)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification of the substance or mixture - GHS/CLP (n° 1272/2008)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2 - (H315)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2 - (H319)
Skin Sensitization	Category 1 Sub-category 1A - (H317)
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 2 - (H361)
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)	Category 3 - (H335)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Category 1 - (H372)
Chronic Aquatic Toxicity	Category 3 - (H412)
Flammable liquids	Category 3 - (H226)

2.2. Label elements

Contains cobalt octoate, Styrene







Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Physical hazards H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

Precautionary statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P260 - Do not breathe vapour

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

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2.3. Other hazards

PBT/vPvB see section 12.5.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	EC-No	REACH Registration Number	CAS-No	Weight percent	GHS Classification
Styrene	202-851-5	01-2119457861-32	100-42-5	~ 56	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Repr. 2 (H361d) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT RE 1 (H372) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	232-315-6	01-2119488076-30	8002-74-2	< 1	-
Amorphous Silica	231-545-4	01-2119379499-16	7631-86-9	< 1	-
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	231-545-4	01-2119379499-16	112945-52-5	< 0.5	-
2,4-dihydroxybenzophenon e	205-029-4	01-2120041737-54	131-56-6	~ 0.2	Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Repr. 2 (H361) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrim ethylene diisobutyrate	229-934-9	01-2119451093-47	6846-50-0	~ 0.2	Repr. 2 (H361d) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)
Potassium 2-ethylhexanoate	221-625-7	01-2119980714-29	3164-85-0	~ 0.1	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Repr. 2 (H361)
cobalt octoate	205-250-6	01-2119524678-29	136-52-7	~ 0.1	Skin Sens. 1A (H317) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Repr. 1B (H360Fd) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Eye Contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes

and shoes

If skin irritation persists, call a physician

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Inhalation Move to fresh air

If not breathing, give artificial respiration

Consult a physician

Do NOT induce vomiting Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Consult a physician

Protection of first-aiders Use personal protective equipment

See section 8 for more information

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye Contact Irritating to eyes

Skin contact Irritating to skin

May cause sensitisation by skin contact

Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation Inhalation

Irritating to respiratory system

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No information available Notes to physician

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemical, Foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), (closed systems)

Extinguishing Media Which Must not be Used for Safety Reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special exposure hazards arising itself, combustion products, resulting gases

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Most vapours are heavier than air. They from the substance or preparation will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks)

Heating or fire can release toxic gas : Carbon monoxide

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

Other information Cool containers / tanks with water spray.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in

accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

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Personal precautions Remove all sources of ignition

Heat, flames and sparks.

Take precautionary measures against static charges.

Ensure adequate ventilation
Use personal protective equipment

For emergency responders

Avoid breathing vapours or mists In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe

fumes. Use personal protective equipment

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand,

earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13)

Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 8 for more information

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handlingAvoid static electricity build up with connection to earth

Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

For personal protection see section 8

Prevention of fire and explosion Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition Empty containers

may contain flammable or explosive vapours

Hygiene measures When using, do not eat, drink or smoke Wash hands before breaks and at the end of

workday. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures/Storage

conditions

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep at temperature not exceeding 30°C

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents, Catalyst, Peroxides, Reducing agents

Packageing material metallic GRP Tanks (Reinforced Glass Polyester)

Unsuitable materials for containers copper, Copper alloys, Bronze, Zinc

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) No information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limits

Chemical Name	European Union	ACGIH OEL (Ceiling)	The United Kingdom	Ireland
Styrene 100-42-5	-	ACGIH (2020): TLV-TWA: 10 ppm TLV-STEL/C: 20 ppm Notes: OTO, A3, BEI Critical effects: CNS and hearing impairment, URT irr, peripheral neuropathy visual disorders	STEL 250 ppm STEL 1080 mg/m³ TWA 100 ppm TWA 430 mg/m³	TWA 20 ppm TWA 85 mg/m³ STEL 40 ppm STEL 170 mg/m³
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2		TWA 2 mg/m ³	STEL 6 mg/m³ TWA 2 mg/m³	TWA 2 mg/m³ STEL 6 mg/m³
Amorphous Silica 7631-86-9			STEL 18 mg/m³ STEL 7.2 mg/m³ TWA 6 mg/m³ TWA 2.4 mg/m³	TWA 6 mg/m³ TWA 2.4 mg/m³
cobalt octoate 136-52-7		0.02 mg/m³	STEL 0.3 mg/m³ TWA 0.1 mg/m³ Sen+	TWA 0.1 mg/m³ Sensitizer

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Biological standards

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)					
	;	Styrene (100-42-5)			
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark	
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		406 mg/Kg bw/day	85 mg/m ³		
Workers - Acute Short Term - Local effect			306 mg/m ³		
Workers - Acute Short term - Systemic effect			289 mg/m ³		
General Population - Acute Short Term - Local effect			182.7 mg/m ³		
General Population - Acute Short Term - Systemic effect			174.2 mg/m ³		
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	2.1 mg/Kg bw/day	343 mg/Kg bw/day	10.2 mg/m ³		

Amorphous Silica (7631-86-9)						
Type	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark		
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect			4 mg/m³			

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)						
Type	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark		
Workers - Long Term -			4 mg/m³			
Systemic effect			_			

2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone (131-56-6)						
Type	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark		
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		2.36 mg/kg bw/day	2.08 mg/m ³			
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	1.18 mg/kg bw/day	1.18 mg/kg bw/day	0.513 mg/m³			

1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate (6846-50-0)							
Туре	Type DNEL oral DNEL dermal DNEL inhalation Remark						

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Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		5 mg/kg bw/day	17.62 mg/m³	
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	5 mg/kg bw/day	5 mg/kg bw/day	4.35 mg/m ³	

Potassium 2-ethylhexanoate (3164-85-0)					
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark	
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		12 mg/kg bw/day	32 mg/m ³		
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect	2.5 mg/kg bw/day	6 mg/kg bw/day	8 mg/m³		

cobalt octoate (136-52-7)				
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Local effect			235.1 μg/m ³	
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	175 μg/kg bw/day			
General Population - Long Term - Local effect			37 μg/m³	

Predicted No Effect Concentration

(PNEC)

•	PNEC Component	
	Styrene (100-42-5)	
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.028 mg/L
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.014 mg/L
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	0.04 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	0.614 mg/Kg.dw
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	0.307 mg/Kg.dw
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	0.2 mg/Kg.dw
STP microorganisms	PNEC STP	5 mg/L

	Amorphous Silica (7631-86-9)	
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Secondary Poisoning	PNEC Oral	60000 mg/kg

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)		
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Secondary Poisoning	PNEC Oral	60000 mg/kg

2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone (131-56-6)			
Exposure	Туре	PNEC	
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.033 mg/L	
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.003 mg/L	
	PNEC STP	0.914 mg/L	
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	35.12 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	3.512 mg/kg sediment dw	
	PNEC Soil	12.3 mg/kg soil dw	

1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate (6846-50-0)			
Exposure Type PNEC			
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.001 mg/L	
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.014 mg/L	
	PNEC STP	3 mg/L	
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	5.29 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	0.529 mg/kg sediment dw	
	PNEC Soil	1.05 mg/kg soil dw	

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Potassium 2-ethylhexanoate (3164-85-0)			
Exposure	Туре	PNEC	
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.036 mg/L	
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.36 mg/L	
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	0.493 mg/L	
	PNEC STP	71.7 mg/L	
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	6.37 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	0.637 mg/kg sediment dw	
	PNEC Soil	1.06 mg/kg soil dw	

cobalt octoate (136-52-7)		
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.62 μg/L
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	2.36 μg/L
STP microorganisms	PNEC STP	0.37 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	53.8 mg/kg sediment dw
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	69.8 mg/kg sediment dw
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	10.9 mg/kg soil dw

8.2. Exposure controls

Occupational exposure controls

Engineering measures

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

When working in confined spaces (tanks, containers, etc.), ensure that there is a supply

of air suitable for breathing and wear the recommended equipment

Personal protective equipment

General Information Respiratory protection Use personal protective equipment.

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour)

If exposure limits are likely to be exceeded / In case of insufficient ventilation wear

suitable respiratory equipment:

Breathing apparatus with filter Type A (Organic gases and vapours filter conforming to

EN 14387, APF 40 < 1 hour, APF 200 > 1 hour) / Type A(2)/P3 in combination with

Particulates filter conforming to EN 143, if exposed to dust

Eye protection

Skin and body protection

Hand protection

Safety glasses with side-shields. Do not wear contact lenses.

Antistatic boots. Protective shoes or boots. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN 374) in combination with 'basic'

employee training

Glove material: Neoprene, Nitriles, Viton (R) or Polyvinyl alcohol

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or

chemical breakthrough.

Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remark</u>
Appearance	pink	
Physical state	Liquid	
Particle size		no data available
Odour	Styrene	
Odour Threshold	0.15 ppm	Values related to styrene
pH		no data available
pH (as aqueous solution)		no data available

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Melting point/range - 30 °C Values related to styrene

Freezing Point no data available

Boiling point145 °CValues related to styreneFlash point31 °CValues related to styrene

Evapouration rate no data available

Flammability Limits in Air

upper6,1 - 6,8%Values related to styrenelower0,9 -1,1%Values related to styreneVapour pressure6 hPa20°C

Vapour density 3.6 Values related to styrene

Density 1.03 g/cm3 25°C **Water solubility** no data available

water solubility no data available

Partition coefficient: 3 Values related to styrene n-octanol/water

Autoignition temperature 490 °C Values related to styrene

Decomposition temperatureno data availableViscosity, kinematic825 mm2/s25°C

Viscosity, kinematic825 mm2/s25°CViscosity, dynamic850 mPa.s25°C

Explosive propertiesnot applicableOxidizing propertiesnot applicable

9.2. Other information

Property Values Remark

Solubility in other solvents no data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Product may ignite and burn at temperatures exceeding the flash point

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Hazardous polymerisation Polymerisation can occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Exposure to light.

Take precautionary measures against static charges.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents, Catalyst, Peroxides, Reducing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition Incomplete combustion and thermolysis produces potentially toxic gases such as carbon

products monoxide and carbon dioxide

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Inhalation Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation

Irritating to respiratory system

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

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Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) 24h OECD 402	11.8 mg/L (Rat) 4h CSR	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 420	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 402		
Amorphous Silica 7631-86-9	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 401	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 0.14 mg/L air (Rat) 4h (analytical) OECD 403	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 401	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 0.14 mg/L air (Rat) 4h (analytical) OECD 403	
2,4-dihydroxybenzophenon e 131-56-6	8600 mg/kg bw (Rat) No guideline followed			
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrim ethylene diisobutyrate 6846-50-0	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 425, EPA OPPTS 870.1100	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rabbit) OECD 402		
Potassium 2-ethylhexanoate 3164-85-0	2043 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 401	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 402	LC0 = 0.11 mg/L air (Rat, vapour) 8h OECD 436 Read across with 2-ethylhexanoic acid Cas N°: 149-57-5	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	3129 mg/kg/bw (Rat) OECD 425	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 402		

Skin corrosion/irritation

Chemical Name	Skin corrosion/irritation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Irritating to skin in vivo assay rabbit	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	No skin irritation in vivo assay rabbit OECD 404	
Amorphous Silica 7631-86-9	No skin irritation rabbit OECD 404	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	No skin irritation rabbit OECD 404	
2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone 131-56-6	No skin irritation in vivo assay rabbit	
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate 6846-50-0	No skin irritation in vivo assay rabbit OECD 404	
Potassium 2-ethylhexanoate 3164-85-0	Irritating to skin in vivo assay rabbit OECD 404	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	No skin corrosion in vitro study OECD 431 EU Method B. 40	

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Chemical Name	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene	Irritating to eyes	
100-42-5	in vivo assay	
	rabbit	

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Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	No eye irritation in vivo assay rabbit OECD 405	
Amorphous Silica 7631-86-9	No eye irritation rabbit OECD 405	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	No eye irritation rabbit OECD 405	
2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone 131-56-6	Mild eye irritation in vivo assay (rabbit) OECD 405	
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate 6846-50-0	No eye irritation in vivo assay rabbit OECD 405	
Potassium 2-ethylhexanoate 3164-85-0	Ambiguous in vitro study Bovine OECD 437 EU Method B.47	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	Moderate eye irritation OECD 437 EU Method B.47 Irritating to eyes rabbit OECD 405	

Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause sensitisation by skin contact

Chemical Name	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Does not cause skin sensitization Does not cause respiratory sensitization CSR	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406 EU Method B.6	
Amorphous Silica 7631-86-9	Does not cause skin sensitization Does not cause respiratory sensitization	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	Does not cause skin sensitization Does not cause respiratory sensitization	
2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone 131-56-6	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay human data	
Potassium 2-ethylhexanoate 3164-85-0	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406	2-ethylhexanoic acid Cas N° : 149-57-5
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	May cause sensitisation by skin contact in vivo assay mouse OECD 429	

Mutagenic Effects

in vitro study

Chemical Name	Ames test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene	Ambiguous	
100-42-5	In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria	
	(S. typhimurium G46, TA1530, TA 1535, TA100, TA98,	
	TA1538, TA 1537)	
	OECD 471	

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Devettin wayse and Hudrosethen wayse	n a gotiva	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100) (Escherichia coli WP2 uvrA) OECD 471	
Amorphous Silica 7631-86-9	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria OECD 471	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria OECD 471	
2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone 131-56-6	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium, other: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA 100, TA 1538) OECD 471	
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate 6846-50-0	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100) (Escherichia coli WP2 uvrA) EU Method B.13/14	
Potassium 2-ethylhexanoate 3164-85-0	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100) OECD 471	2-ethylhexanoic acid Cas N° : 149-57-5
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA100 and TA 102) OECD 471	Cas N°: 68956-82-1, 14024-48-7

Chemical Name	In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Ambiguous In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells hamster OECD 476	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells mouse OECD 476	
Amorphous Silica 7631-86-9	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells OECD 476	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells OECD 476	
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate 6846-50-0	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells hamster OECD 476	
Potassium 2-ethylhexanoate 3164-85-0	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells mouse hamster OECD 476 EPA OTS 798.5300	2-ethylhexanoic acid Cas N° : 149-57-5
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells mouse OECD 476	Cas N°: 7440-48-4, 1308-06-1, 10124-43-3, 12016-80-7
Chemical Name	In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	positive Chromosome aberration test in vitro OECD 473 OECD 479	

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Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro hamster similar to OECD 473	
Amorphous Silica 7631-86-9	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro OECD 473	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro OECD 473	
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate 6846-50-0	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro hamster similar to OECD 473 EU Method B.10 EPA OPPTS 870.5375	
Potassium 2-ethylhexanoate 3164-85-0	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro OECD 473	2-ethylhexanoic acid Cas N° : 149-57-5

in vivo assay

Chemical Name	Unscheduled DNA Synthesis (UDS)	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	negative mouse OECD 486 OECD 474	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	negative mouse similar to OECD 474	
Amorphous Silica 7631-86-9	negative rat	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative rat	
2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone 131-56-6	Data inconclusive mouse OECD 474	
Potassium 2-ethylhexanoate 3164-85-0	negative mouse OECD 474	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	negative rat OECD 474 OECD 475	Cas N°: 68956-82-1, 14024-48-7, 10026-24-1

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity					
Styrene (100-42-5)					
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation	
Inhalation	OECD 453	rat	NOAEC systemic (carcinogenicity) >= 4.34 mg/L air (nominal)	negative	
Inhalation	OECD 453	mouse	LOAEC (carcinogenicity) female/male = 0.09 - 0.18 mg/L air resp., NOAEC (carcinogenicity) male = 0.09 mg/L air	positive	
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (carcinogenicity) >= 2000 mg/kg bw /day	positive	
Oral	No information available	mouse	LOAEL (carcinogenicity) = 150 mg/kg bw /day	positive	

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbo	n waxes (8002-74-2)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Dermal			NOEL (carcinogenicity) = 128 mg/kg bw/day	negative

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Amorphous Silica (7631	-86-9)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 453	rat	NOAEL = 1800 - 3200	negative
			mg/kg bw/day	In again to
Silica, amorphous, fume	ed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 453	rat	NOAEL = 1800 - 3200 mg/kg bw/day	negative
Reproductive toxicity				
Reproductive toxicity				
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	No information available	rat	NOAEL/LOAEL (fertility) 60d = 100 - 200 mg/kg bw/day	positive
Oral	OECD 422	rat	NOAEL/LOAEL (fertility) 60d = 200 - 400 mg/kg bw/day	positive
Inhalation	OECD 416	rat	NOAEC (P, F1) = 0.64	negative
			mg/L air LOAEC (P, F1) = 2.13 mg/L air NOAEC (F2) = 0.21 mg/L air	
			LOAEC (F2) = 0.64 mg/L air (70d)	
Paraffin waxes and Hyd	rocarbon waxes (8002-74-2)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 421	rat	NOAEL (p/ reproductive performance) >= 1000 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL Neonatal (F1) >= 1000 mg/kg bw/day Read across with: Chevron 100 Neutral	negative
Amorphous Silica (7631		To .		I=
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 415	rat	NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day	negative
	ed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)	To	In	le araga
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 415	rat	NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day	negative
1-isopropyl-2.2-dimethy	Itrimethylene diisobutyrate (684	6-50-0)		
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 421 EPA OPPTS 870.3550	rat	NOAEL (developmental and reproductive effects) = 276 - 359 mg/kg bw/day	negative
Oral	similar to OECD 422	rat	NOEL (embryo & fetal toxicity) = 750 mg/kg bw/day	negative
Potassium 2-ethylhexan			•	
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	Read-across (Analogy) 2-ethylhexanoic acid Cas	Species rat	NOAEL (fertility) = 300 mg/kg bw/day	negative

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cobalt octoate (136-52-7	7)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422	rat	NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day	positive
Developmental Toxic	•	amaging the unb	orn child.	
Developmental Toxicity	,			
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	No information available	rat	NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air	
Inhalation	OECD 414	rat	LOAEC (maternal toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air	positive
Inhalation	OECD 414	rat	NOAEC (developmental toxicity) 6-15d >= 2.56 mg/L air	negative
Inhalation	OECD 414	rabbit	NOAEC (maternal toxicity + developmental toxicity) 6-18d = 2.56 mg/L air	negative
Paraffin waxes and Hvd	rocarbon waxes (8002-74-2)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Dermal	OECD 414	rat	LOAEL (maternal toxicity) = 125 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (teratogenicity) >= 2000 mg/kg bw/day Read across with : 100 SUS solvent refined base oil	negative
A			•	
Amorphous Silica (7631	Method	Cassina	IDaga	[Cyclustics
Exposure routes Oral	OECD 414	Species rat	Dose NOAEL (maternal toxicity) = 1350 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (teratogenicity) = 1350 mg/kg bw/day	Evaluation negative
Oiline amarch	ad amostalling for (440045 50 5)			
	ed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)	loi	ln	In
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 414	rat	NOAEL (maternal toxicity) = 1350 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (teratogenicity) = 1350 mg/kg bw/day	inegative
1 iconropul 2 2 dimethu	vltrimethylene diisobutyrate (6846	: E0 0\		
		Species	IDaga	Evaluation
Exposure routes Oral	Method OECD 414	rabbit	Dose NOAEL = 300 mg/kg bw/day	Evaluation positive
Datagaium 2 athudhanan	200to (2164 95 0)			
Potassium 2-ethylhexar Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
LAPOSUIE IOULES	livieti iou	Pheries	IDOSE	∟vaiuati∪i1

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause irritation of respiratory tract

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure , target organ(s) : Central nervous system , Ears

NOAEL (maternal toxicity) negative

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= 300 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL (teratogenicity) = 100 mg/kg bw/day

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Read-across (Analogy) 2-ethylhexanoic acid Cas

N° : 149-57-5

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Styrene (100-42-5)				
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks
Inhalation	OECD 412	rat mouse	NOAEC male (28d) = 3.47 mg/L air NOAEC (ototoxicity) 28d = 2.13 mg/L air NOAEC (28d) = 0.181 mg/L air NOAEC (28d) = 0.688 mg/L air	
Inhalation	No information available	rat	NOAEC (nasal tract) = 0.85 mg/L air NOAEC (overall) = 2.13 mg/L air NOAEC (ototoxicity) = 0.85 mg/L air LOAEC (ototoxicity) = 3.41 mg/L air NOAEC (overall) = 2.13 mg/L air	
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (toxicity) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL (toxicity) = 2000 mg/kg bw/day	
Oral	No information available	mouse	NOAEL (toxicity) = 150 mg/kg bw /day LOAEL (toxicity) = 300 mg/kg bw /day	
Inhalation	OECD 453	rat	LOAEC local (toxicity) = 0.21 mg/L air	

Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks
Dermal	Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 64742-52-5 OECD 410	rabbit	NOAEL (28d) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day	
Oral	OECD 408	rat	NOAEL (Low melting point wax) = 1.5 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (High melting point and high sulphur wax) = 1500 mg/kg bw/day 90d	
Dermal	Read-across (Analogy) : Lubricant Base Oils OECD 411	rat	NOAEL (13 weeks)> 2000 mg/kg bw/day	
Dermal	Read-across (Analogy) : MRD-87-016 similar to OECD 453	mouse	NOAEL (male) 24 months >= 150 mg/kg bw/day	

Amorphous Silica (7631-86-9)					
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
Oral	OECD 408	rat	NOEL (highest dose) 4000 <= 4500 mg/kg bw/day 90d		
nhalation	OECD 413	rat	NOEC = 1.3 mg/m³ air NOEC < 1.3 mg/m³ air 90d		
Dermal	No information available	rabbit	NOAEL >= 10000 mg/kg bw/day		

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)				
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks

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Oral	OECD 408	NOEL (highest dose) 4000 <= 4500 mg/kg bw/day 90d	
Inhalation	OECD 413	NOEC = 1.3 mg/m³ air NOEC < 1.3 mg/m³ air 90d	
Dermal	No information available	NOAEL >= 10000 mg/kg bw/day	

2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone (131-56-6)					
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
Oral		rat	NOAEL (90d) = 23	6 mg/kg	
			bw/day		

Potassium 2-ethylhexanoate (3164-85-0)					
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
Oral	Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 149-57-5 TSCA	rat	NOAEL (male) = 61 mg/kg/day NOAEL (female) = 71 mg/kg/day		
Oral	No information available	mouse	NOAEL (male) = 180 mg/kg/day NOAEL (female) = 205 mg/kg/day		

cobalt octoate (136-52-7)					
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
	Read-across (Analogy) cobalt dichloride hexahydrate OECD 408	rat	NOAEL (90d) = 3 mg/kg bw/day		

Aspiration hazard Due to the viscosity, this product does not present an aspiration hazard.

Other information None

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

Acute aquatic toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to microorganisms
Styrene 100-42-5	EC50 (72h) = 4.9 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata) EPA OTS 797.1050	EC50 (48h) = 4.7 mg/L (Daphnia magna) NOEC = 1.9 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LC50 (96h) = 4.02 - 10 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) OECD 203	EC (30min) = 500 mg/L (Activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage) OECD 209
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	NOEL (72h) >= 100 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata), Read across with: N100DW OECD 201	LL50 (48h) > 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) QSAR	LL50 (96h) > 1000 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) QSAR	LL50 (40h) > 1000 mg/L (Tetrahymena pyriformis) NOEL (40h) >= 1000 mg/L (Tetrahymena pyriformis) QSAR
Amorphous Silica 7631-86-9		EL50 (24h) >= 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LC50 (96h) > 10000 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio) OECD 203	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5		EL50 (24h) >= 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LC50 (96h) > 10000 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio) OECD 203	

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2,4-dihydroxybenzophenon		LC50 (48h) = 7.86 mg/L	LC50 (96h) = 3.7 mg/L	IC50 (48h) = 9.14 mg/L
е		(Daphnia sp.)	(Oryzias latipes)	(Tetrahymena pyriformis)
131-56-6		NOEC (48h) = 4 mg/L	NOEC (96h) = 1.6 mg/L	No guideline followed
		(Daphnia sp.)	(Oryzias latipes)	
		OECD 202	OECD 203	
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrim	EC50 (72h) > 7.49 mg/L	EC50 (48h) > 1.46 mg/L	LC50 (96h) > 1.55 mg/L	
ethylene diisobutyrate	(Pseudokirchnerella	(Daphnia magna)	(Pimephales promelas)	
6846-50-0	subcapitata)	NOEC (48h) >= 1.46 mg/L	NOEC (96h) > 6 mg/L	
	NOEC (72h) = 3.56 mg/L	(Daphnia magna)	(Lepomis macrochirus)	
	(Pseudokirchneriella	Similar to EU Method C.2	Similar to OECD 203	
	subcapitata)			
	OECD 201			
Potassium	EC50 (72h) = 49.3 mg/L	EC50 (48h) = 910 mg/L	LC50 (96h) > 100 mg/L	EC50 (17h) = 112.1 mg/L,
2-ethylhexanoate	(Desmodesmus	(Daphnia magna)	(Oryzias latipes)	EC10 (17h) = 71.7 mg/L
3164-85-0	subspicatus)	OECD 202	OECD 203	(Pseudomonas putida)
	OECD 201	Read across with Cas N°:	Read across with Cas N°:	DIN 38412, part 8
	Read across with	16977-89-3	16766-89-3	
	2-ethylhexanoic acid Cas			
	N° : 149-57-5			
cobalt octoate	EC50 (72h) = 144 μg		LC50 (96h) = 1.512 mg/L	EC10 (30 min) = 3.73 mg/L
136-52-7	Codiss./L		(Oncorhynchus mykiss)	(Activated sludge)
	(Pseudokirchneriella		NOEC $(96h) = 0.939 \text{ mg/L}$	EC50 (30 min) = 120 mg/L
	subcapitata)		(Oncorhynchus mykiss)	(Activated sludge)
	NOEC (72h) = 32.2 μg./L		LOEC (96h) = 1.577 mg/L	Read across with Cas N°:
	(Pseudokirchneriella		(Oncorhynchus mykiss)	7646-79-9
	subcapitata)		ASTM guideline (1996)	OECD 209
	LOEC (72h) = 52.7 μg			
	Codiss./L			
	(Pseudokirchneriella			
	subcapitata)			
	OECD 201			

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to microorganisms
Styrene 100-42-5		NOEC (21d) = 1.01 mg/L (Daphnia magna) LOEC (21d) = 2.06 mg/L (Daphnia magna) EC50 (21d) = 1.88 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 203		
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2		NOEL (21d) >= 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) QSAR	NOEL (28d) >= 1000 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) QSAR	
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrim ethylene diisobutyrate 6846-50-0		NOEC (21d) = 0.7 mg/L (Daphnia magna) Similar to OECD 211		
Potassium 2-ethylhexanoate 3164-85-0		NOEC (21d) = 25 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 211		
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	EC50 (7d) = 90.1 µg./L (Lemna minor) NOEC (7d) = 3.0 µg/L (Lemna minor) LOEC (7d) = 8.8 µg/L (Lemna minor) OECD 221	NOECR (21d) = 60.8 µg./L (Daphnia magna) LC50 (21d) = 121.3 mg/L (Daphnia magna) LOECR (21d) = 93.3 µg Codiss./L (Daphnia magna) OECD 211		

Effects on terrestrial organisms - Component Information

Chronic toxicity				
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Chronic toxicity Method Species Values Remarks				

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Toxicity to invertebrates	OECD 207	Eisenia foetida	LC50 (14d) = 120 mg/kg	
			soil dw	
			LOEC (burrowing time and	
			mean percent weight	
			change) = 65 mg/kg soil	
			dw	
			LOEC (survival) = 180	
			mg/kg soil dw	
			NOEC (mean percent	
			weight change) = 34	
			mg/kg soil dw	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Chemical Name	Biodegradation	Evaluation
Styrene 100-42-5	87% (20d) similar to OECD 301D	Readily biodegradable
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	31 % (28d) OECD 301F Read across with : MRD-94-981	Inherently biodegradable.
2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone 131-56-6	50% (360h) QSAR	Inherently biodegradable.
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate 6846-50-0	70.73 % (28d), (Activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted) OECD 301 B	Readily biodegradable
Potassium 2-ethylhexanoate 3164-85-0	> 70 % (99%) (28d), Read across with benzoic acid, sodium salt OECD 301E	Readily biodegradable
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	60% (> 10d), OECD 301 B	Readily biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)		
Styrene (100-42-5)		
Method	Species	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Calculation method		74

1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate	e (6846-50-0)	
Method	Species	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
OECD 305	Lepomis macrochirus	1.95

Chemical Name	log Pow
Styrene 100-42-5	3
2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone 131-56-6	2.964
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate 6846-50-0	4.91
Potassium 2-ethylhexanoate 3164-85-0	2.96

12.4. Mobility in soil

Chemical Name	LogKoc	Koc
Styrene	2.55	352
100-42-5		
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate	2.69	-
6846-50-0		

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Chemical Name	PBT	vPvB
Styrene	This substance is not considered to be	This substance is not considered to be
100-42-5	persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic	very persistent nor very bioaccumulating
	(PBT).	(vPvB).

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Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2		This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Amorphous Silica 7631-86-9	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5		This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone 131-56-6		This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate 6846-50-0	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6. Other adverse effects

None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

Other information

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the

product was used.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR/RID UN1866 IMDG/IMO UN1866 ICAO/IATA UN1866 ADN UN1866

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID

Resin solution

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III, (D/E)

IMDG/IMO

Resin solution

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III, (31°C c.c.)

ICAO/IATA

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III

ADN

Resin solution

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID

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Hazard class	3
IMDG/IMO	· ·
Hazard class	3
ICAO/IATA	
Hazard class	3
ADN	
Hazard class	3

14.4. Packing group

Ш ADR/RID Ш IMDG/IMO Ш ICAO/IATA Ш ADN

14.5. Environmental hazards

No ADR/RID No IMDG/IMO No Marine pollutant Nο ICAO/IATA ADN No

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID

Classification Code F1 **Tunnel restriction code** (D/E) Limited quantity 5 L

IMDG/IMO

F-E, S-E **EmS** Limited quantity 5 L

ICAO/IATA

ERG Code 3L Limited quantity 10 L

ADN

Classification Code F1 Limited quantity 5 L ventilation VE01

Special precautions for users

No information available Special precautions

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EU) No. 830/2015 Directive 88/642/EEC

Directive 98/24/EC Directive 1999/92/EC Directive 2012/18/EU

The mixture is subject to restrictions on use, see Annex XVII of the Regulation 1907/2006/EC (REACH): Column 1, n° 3; Column 1, n° 40.

European Union

Chemical Name	2012/18/EU (SEVESO) - §9	2012/18/EU (SEVESO) - §6, §7
Styrene - 100-42-5	50000	5000 tonnes
		50000 tonnes

National regulatory information

The United Kingdom

Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

<u>Ireland</u>

Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment

Yes

Exposure scenario

Relevant information for risk control are communicated in the form of exposure scenario

attached to the safety data sheet.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H360Fd - May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Training Advice Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. To avoid risks to

man and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Sources of key data used to

compile the datasheet

ECHA

Former date 19-Aug-2019 Revision date 27-Jan-2021

Revision Note SDS sections updated: 1, 2

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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Disclaimer

SDS n°: FP12710

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

Polynt Composites

Route d'Arras - CS 50019 - 62320 Drocourt - France

Version: CLUK



Scenario 1: Manufacturing of UP/VE resins and formulated resins (Gelcoat, Coulour Paste, Putty, Bonding paste/Adhesive) (ES1)

This scenario is described by the following combinations of use descriptors. The corresponding contributing scenarios are described in the respective subchapters.

An overall exposure scenario may be described by a number of contributing scenarios which may be subdivided into environmental exposure, worker exposure and consumer exposure.

The following scenarios contribute to the scenario Manufacturing of UP/VE resins and formulated resins (Gelcoat, Coulour Paste, Putty, Bonding paste/Adhesive).

This document has been prepared using REACH-Practical-Guide-on-Safe-Use-Information-for-Mixtures-under-REACH-The-LCID-Methodology, considering exposure scenario of relevant raw materials contained in the mixture.

The corresponding release to the environment, exposure of workers resulting from these contributing scenarios is summarized below.

Table 1. Description of ES 1

Free short title	Manufacturing of UP/VE resins and formulated resins (Gelcoat, Coulour Paste, Putty, Bonding paste/Adhesive) (ES1)
Systematic title based on use descriptor	ERC 2; PROC 1, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 15
Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC	ERC 2 – Formulation into mixture
Name(s) of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs	PROC 1 - Chemical production in closed process
	PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
	PROC 4 - Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises
	PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
	PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
	PROC 8b - Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities
	PROC 9 - Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)
	PROC 15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
Contributing Scenario (1) controlling e	nvironmental exposure for ERC 2
Operational conditions (referred to styrene)	
Daily amount used at site	45700 kg/day (referred to styrene)



Release times per year	300 days/year (justification: Continous release)
Local freshwater dilution factor	41
Local marine water dilution factor	100
Release fraction to air from process	0.102 %
Release fraction to wastewater from process	0.00063 %
Release fraction to soil from process	0.0025 %
Fraction tonnage to region	10 %
Fraction used at main source	60 %
STP	yes
River flow rate	18000 m ³ /day
Municipal sewage treatment plant discharge	2000000 L/day
Other modified EUSES values (referred to styre	ne)
Fraction released to agricultural soil (Femis.agric)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002)
Fraction released to industrial soil (Femis.ind)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to waste water (Femis.water)	0.00063 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction released to air (Femis.air)	0.102 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction used at main source	60 % (justification: Value adopted to account for Worst-case European manufacturing site)
Fraction of emission directed to water by local STP (Fstp.water)	0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling in	ndustrial worker exposure for PROC 1
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling in Name of contributing scenario	1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure
	-
Name of contributing scenario	1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure Use in contained batch processes.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle	1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure Use in contained batch processes.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment	1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure Use in contained batch processes. Closed processes Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from windows and doors etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General	1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure Use in contained batch processes. Closed processes Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from windows and doors etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.



Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions af	ffecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (>30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Conditions and measures related to p sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
	rolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Bulk transfers.
	Receipt and storage of raw materials in bulk or as packed goods, indoor and outdoor; Raw material assembly and charging; dispensing of liquids and solids via pipeline;
Qualitative Risk Assessment	Receipt and storage of raw materials in bulk or as packed goods, indoor and outdoor; Raw material assembly and charging; dispensing of liquids
Qualitative Risk Assessment General	Receipt and storage of raw materials in bulk or as packed goods, indoor and outdoor; Raw material assembly and charging; dispensing of liquids
	Receipt and storage of raw materials in bulk or as packed goods, indoor and outdoor; Raw material assembly and charging; dispensing of liquids and solids via pipeline; Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Use bulk or semi-bulk handling systems. Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
General	Receipt and storage of raw materials in bulk or as packed goods, indoor and outdoor; Raw material assembly and charging; dispensing of liquids and solids via pipeline; Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Use bulk or semi-bulk handling systems. Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
General Product characteristics	Receipt and storage of raw materials in bulk or as packed goods, indoor and outdoor; Raw material assembly and charging; dispensing of liquids and solids via pipeline; Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Use bulk or semi-bulk handling systems. Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics Physical state	Receipt and storage of raw materials in bulk or as packed goods, indoor and outdoor; Raw material assembly and charging; dispensing of liquids and solids via pipeline; Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Use bulk or semi-bulk handling systems. Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance	Receipt and storage of raw materials in bulk or as packed goods, indoor and outdoor; Raw material assembly and charging; dispensing of liquids and solids via pipeline; Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Use bulk or semi-bulk handling systems. Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness	Receipt and storage of raw materials in bulk or as packed goods, indoor and outdoor; Raw material assembly and charging; dispensing of liquids and solids via pipeline; Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Use bulk or semi-bulk handling systems. Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.



Human factors not influenced by risk management	
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure	
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (>30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control d	lispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to personal pasec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (4) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3	
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Dissolving linear UP/VE polymer in blending vessel (or dissolver)
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manager	nent
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting we	orkers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)



Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Conditions and measures related to pers	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Contributing Scenario (5) control	lling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Equipment cleaning and maintenance. Cleaning and maintenance of blending vessel, roadtankers etc.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines. Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance. Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour). Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk management	
Exposed skin surface	240 cm^2
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure	
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure	
Local exhaust ventilation	yes



	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on		
sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %		
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur		
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness		
Local exhaust ventilation	Ose local exhaust ventulation with adequate effectiveness		
Contributing Scenario (6) controlling in	Contributing Scenario (6) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 4		
Name of contributing scenario	4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises		
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers. All internal transport. Raw material assembly and charging / raw material dispensing of liquids and solids manually from bulk storage or packed goods into blending tank.		
Qualitative Risk Assessment			
General	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour). Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.		
Product characteristics	,		
Physical state	liquid		
Concentration in substance	100 %		
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium		
Frequency and duration of use			
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)		
Frequency of use	5 days / week		
Human factors not influenced by risk manager	nent		
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²		
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure			
Location	indoors		
Ventilation	Good (>30%)		
Domain	industrial		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure			
1 connical conditions and measures to control of			
Local exhaust ventilation	yes		
Local exhaust ventilation	yes rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on		
Local exhaust ventilation Conditions and measures related to personal particles.	1-		



Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (7) controll	ing industrial worker exposure for PROC 4
Name of contributing scenario	4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
Scenario subtitle	Process sampling.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour): Avoid dip sampling. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	,
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	15 min1 hour
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	nagement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affect	ing workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	Good (>30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to con	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to person sec.8 of SDS	onal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (8) controll	ing industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)



Scenario subtitle	D // 1 4
Scenario subtitie	Drum/batch transfers; Pouring from small containers;
	Transfer from/pouring from containers;
	Mixing operations (open systems). Mixing liquid and solid components / into final formulated
	resin in blending vessel
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).
	Keep lids of containers closed during blending. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
	Use suitable eye protection.
	Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.
	In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	-
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manager	ment
Exposed skin surface	480 cm^2
Other given operational conditions affecting w	orkers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control of	lispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to personal p sec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (9) controlling i	ndustrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Equipment cleaning and maintenance. Cleaning and maintenance of pipes, pumps, filters, etc.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance. Ensure good work practices are implemented
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.
	Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	nagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affect	ting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to persesec.8 of SDS	onal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (10) contro	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity Frequency of use	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness. Use suitable eye protection.
Chysical state Concentration in substance Cugacity / Dustiness Crequency and duration of use Ouration of activity	Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness. Use suitable eye protection.
Chysical state Concentration in substance Cugacity / Dustiness Crequency and duration of use Ouration of activity	Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness. Use suitable eye protection.
Chysical state Concentration in substance Cugacity / Dustiness Crequency and duration of use Ouration of activity	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness. Use suitable eye protection.
Chysical state Concentration in substance Cugacity / Dustiness Crequency and duration of use Ouration of activity	In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness. Use suitable eye protection.
Chysical state Concentration in substance Cugacity / Dustiness Crequency and duration of use Ouration of activity	protection with adeguate effectiveness. Use suitable eye protection.
Chysical state Concentration in substance Cugacity / Dustiness Crequency and duration of use Ouration of activity	liquid
Chysical state Concentration in substance Cugacity / Dustiness Crequency and duration of use Ouration of activity	
Concentration in substance Sugacity / Dustiness Sequency and duration of use Ouration of activity	
Tugacity / Dustiness Trequency and duration of use Duration of activity	40004
Ouration of activity	100 %
Ouration of activity	medium
•	
requency of use	<1 hours (default)
requestly of use	5 days / week
luman factors not influenced by risk manager	ment
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting w	orkers exposure
ocation	Indoors/outdoor
Oomain	industrial
Cechnical conditions and measures to control of	lispersion and exposure
ocal exhaust ventilation	no
Conditions and measures related to personal pec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
rotective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Contributing Scenario (11) controlling	industrial worker exposure for PROC 8b
Name of contributing scenario	8b -Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities
cenario subtitle	Bulk transfers. All activities related to transport finished product to
Qualitative Risk Assessment	customer. Dispensing final UP/VE resin (linear UP/VE polymer + styrene + additives) into roadtanker



General	Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation.
	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures
	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
	Use suitable eye protection. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
	protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk managen	nent
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting we	orkers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control d	lispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to personal pasec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (12) controlling	industrial worker exposure for PROC 9
Name of contributing scenario	9 -Transfer of chemicals into small containers (dedicated filling line)
Scenario subtitle	Bulk transfers. All activities related to transport finished product to customer. Dispensing final UP/VE resin (linear UP/VE polymer + styrene + additives) / into storage tank, IBC, drum or pail.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with
	local extract ventilation. Ensure good work practices are implemented
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures
	Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk man	agement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm^2
Other given operational conditions affecting	g workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to cont	rol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to person sec.8 of SDS	al protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (13) controll	ing industrial worker exposure for PROC 15
Name of contributing scenario	15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
Scenario subtitle	Laboratory activities.
Scenario subtitie	All laboratory activities.
	Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending
	vessel. R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	,
General	Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure.
	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures
	Use suitable eye protection.
	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Product characteristics	



Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk management	
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure	
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure	
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS	
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)



Scenario 2: FRP manufacturing in an industrial setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES2)

This scenario is described by the following combinations of use descriptors. The corresponding contributing scenarios are described in the respective subchapters.

An overall exposure scenario may be described by a number of contributing scenarios which may be subdivided into environmental exposure, worker exposure and consumer exposure.

The following scenarios contribute to the scenario FRP manufacturing in an industrial setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.).

This document has been prepared using REACH-Practical-Guide-on-Safe-Use-Information-for-Mixtures-under-REACH-The-LCID-Methodology, considering exposure scenario of relevant raw materials contained in the mixture.

The corresponding release to the environment, exposure of workers resulting from these contributing scenarios is summarized below.

Table 2. Description of ES 2

Table 2. Description of ES 2	
Free short title	FRP manufacturing in an industrial setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES2)
Systematic title based on use descriptor	ERC 6D; PROC 3, 5, 7, 8A, 10, 13, 14, 15
Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC	ERC 6d Production of resins
Name(s) of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs	PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
	PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
	PROC 7 - Industrial spraying
	PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
	PROC 10 - Roller application or brushing
	PROC 13 - Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
	PROC 14 - Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation
	PROC 15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
Contributing Scenario (1) controlling e	environmental exposure for ERC 6D
Operational conditions (referred to styrene)	
Daily amount used at site	161000 kg/day (referred to styrene)
Release times per year	300 days/year (justification: Continous release)
Local freshwater dilution factor	10



Local marine water dilution factor	100
Release fraction to air from process	0.102 %
Release fraction to wastewater from process	0.00063 %
Release fraction to soil from process	0.025 %
Fraction tonnage to region	10 %
Fraction used at main source	60 %
STP	yes
River flow rate	18000 m³/day
Municipal sewage treatment plant discharge	2000000 L/day
Other modified EUSES values	
Fraction released to agricultural soil (Femis.agric)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene, European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to industrial soil (Femis.ind)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to waste water (Femis.water)	0.00063 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction released to air (Femis.air)	0.102 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction used at main source	60 % (justification: Value adopted to account for Worst-case European manufacturing site)
Fraction of emission directed to water by local STP (Fstp.water)	0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling	industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling Name of contributing scenario	industrial worker exposure for PROC 3 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
	<u>-</u>
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuum
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuum
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.



Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	anagement
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affec	ting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Conditions and measures related to pers sec.8 of SDS	onal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Contributing Scenario (3) control	ling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers. Product delivery/storage - delivery of bulk and packaged products - outdoor / indoor
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	anagement
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affec	ting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no



Conditions and measures related to persons sec.8 of SDS	al protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Contributing Scenario (4) controllin	g industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
Scenario subtitle	Drum/batch transfers; Pouring from small containers; Transfer from/pouring from containers; Mixing operations (open systems). Loading of mixing equipment; Preparation of material for application; (liquid products) - batch, indoor
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk mana	ngement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting	g workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to contr	ol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to persons sec.8 of SDS	al protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)



	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
Scenario subtitle	Casting operations; Mixing operations (open systems). Casting and mixing operations in (semi-) open containers. Examples are centrifugal casting, casting of polymer concrete and artificial marble and the manufacturing of SMC / BMC/ TMC, etc
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	5-60%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	480 cm^2
Other given operational conditions aff	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to pe sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (6) contr	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)



Scenario subtitle	General exposures (closed systems). Mixing liquid and solid components / into final formulated resin in blending vessel; Examples are gelcoat blending and compounding, formulation of repair putties, bonding pastes, chemical anchoring, etc
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions at	fecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to p sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (7) cont	rolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 7
Name of contributing scenario	7 - Industrial spraying
Scenario subtitle	Spraying; Spraying (automatic/robotic) All open mould applications where resins is applied by automated spraying or by robot in a spray cabin without direct worker involvement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop" filament winding



Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield Wear chemically resistant gloves tested to EN374, in combination with intensive management supervision control. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manag	ement
Exposed skin surface	1,500 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting	workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control	dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to personal sec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure	inhalation: 95 % (justification: Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure)
Contributing Scenario (8) controlling	industrial worker exposure for PROC 7
Name of contributing scenario	7 - Industrial spraying
Scenario subtitle	Spraying; Spraying (manually) All open mould applications where resins is applied by manual spraying in an open work environement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop" filament winding
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Carefully pour from containers
General	Use long handled tools where possible
	Ensure good work practices are implemented
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures
	Use suitable eye protection.
	Wear suitable face shield.
	Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin Wear chemically resistant gloves tested to EN374 in
	combination with intensive management supervision
	control.
	Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	1
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk m	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	1,500 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affect	eting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to persec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Yes
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 95 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (9) contro	lling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Equipment maintenance; Maintenance of small items. Equipment cleaning and maintenance
Qualitative Risk Assessment	'
1	



General	Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	1
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	nagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affect	ing workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to con	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to person sec.8 of SDS	onal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (10) contro	lling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for
	on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment



Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In ease of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness. Product characteristics Physical state liquid Concentration in substance 100 % Fugacity / Dustiness medium Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity 24 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location Indoors/outdoor Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on see. 8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Rolling, Brushing; Roller; spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operatior Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding		
Physical state Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness medium Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm²	General	Contain and dispose of waste according to local regulations Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness medium Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week	Product characteristics	
Fugacity / Dustiness medium Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location Indoors/outdoor Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Physical state	liquid
Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location Indoors/outdoor Indoors/outdoor Industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Concentration in substance	100 %
Duration of activity	Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency of use 5 days / week	Frequency and duration of use	·
Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location Indoors/outdoor Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on see.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Exposed skin surface Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location Indoors/outdoor Domain Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Frequency of use	5 days / week
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location Indoors/outdoor Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Human factors not influenced by risk n	nanagement
Location Indoors/outdoor Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Local exhaust ventilation Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Other given operational conditions affe	cting workers exposure
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Location	Indoors/outdoor
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Domain	industrial
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Protective gloves Respiratory protection Local exhaust ventilation Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Respiratory protection Local exhaust ventilation Inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Scenario subtitle Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Contributing Scenario (11) contr	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10
Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Qualitative Risk Assessment	Scenario subtitle	Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operations; Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament
	Qualitative Risk Assessment	



Qualitative Risk Assessment	·
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Contributing Scenario (12) contro	lling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occur
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Conditions and measures related to person sec.8 of SDS	onal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Technical conditions and measures to con	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Domain	industrial
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Location	indoors
Other given operational conditions affect	ing workers exposure
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	nagement
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency and duration of use	•
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Concentration in substance	100 %
Physical state	liquid
Product characteristics	
	tested Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
General	Use long handled brushes and rollers where possible Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and



General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions aff	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to pe sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	yes
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (13) cont	rolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 13
Name of contributing scenario	13 - Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring; Continuous process. Continuous processes with open impregnation steps, such as pultrusion with open impregnation baths and (semi-) continuous production of flat laminates
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk i	management
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions afform	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to pesec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (14) contri	rolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 14
Name of contributing scenario	14 - Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers; Production or preparation or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisation; Treatment by heating; Batch processes at elevated temperatures. Processes where curing of UP / VE resins takes place at high temperature. Examples are pultrusion with injection dies and processing of SMC / BMC / TMC, etc
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



Product characteristics Physical state	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Concentration in substance	100%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk n	
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affe	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to c	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (15) contri	rolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15
Name of contributing scenario	15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
Scenario subtitle	Laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from blending vessel; R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid



Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manager	nent
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting w	orkers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control of	lispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to personal p sec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	No
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)



Scenario 3: FRP manufacturing in a professional setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES3)

This scenario is described by the following combinations of use descriptors. The corresponding contributing scenarios are described in the respective subchapters.

An overall exposure scenario may be described by a number of contributing scenarios which may be subdivided into environmental exposure, worker exposure and consumer exposure.

The following scenarios contribute to the scenario FRP manufacturing in a professional setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.).

This document has been prepared using REACH-Practical-Guide-on-Safe-Use-Information-for-Mixtures-under-REACH-The-LCID-Methodology, considering exposure scenario of relevant raw materials contained in the mixture.

The corresponding release to the environment, exposure of workers resulting from these contributing scenarios is summarized below.

Table 2. Description of ES 3

Free short title	FRP manufacturing in a professional setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES8)
Systematic title based on use descriptor	ERC 6C; PROC 3, 4, 5, 8A, 10, 11
Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC	ERC 6c Production of plastics
Name(s) of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs	PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
	PROC 4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
	PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
	PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
	PROC 10 - Roller application or brushing
	PROC 11 - Non industrial spraying

Contributing Scenario (1) controlling environmental exposure for ERC 6C Operational conditions (referred to styrene) Daily amount used at site 48300 kg/day (referred to styrene) Release times per year 300 days/year (justification: Continous release) Local freshwater dilution factor 10 Local marine water dilution factor 100 Release fraction to air from process 0.102 % Release fraction to wastewater from process 0.000012 %



Release fraction to soil from process	0 %
Fraction tonnage to region	10 %
Fraction used at main source	60 %
STP	Yes
River flow rate	18000 m ³ /day
Municipal sewage treatment plant discharge	2000000 L/day
Other modified EUSES values	
Fraction released to agricultural soil (Femis.agric)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to industrial soil (Femis.ind)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene, European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to waste water (Femis.water)	0.000012 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction released to air (Femis.air)	0.102 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction used at main source	60 % (justification: Value adopted to account for worst-case European manufacturing site)
Fraction of emission directed to water by local STP (Fstp.water)	0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling p	rofessional worker exposure for PROC 3
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling p Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
3 () 31	_
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness Frequency and duration of use	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness. liquid 100% medium
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness. liquid 100% medium >4 hours (default) 5 days / week



Other given operational conditions affecting v	vorkers exposure
Location	outdoors (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to control	dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	No
Conditions and measures related to personal sec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Contributing Scenario (3) controlling	professional worker exposure for PROC 4
Name of contributing scenario	4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
Scenario subtitle	Use in contained batch processes. Sewer relining operation
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manage	ement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm^2
Other given operational conditions affecting v	vorkers exposure
Location	outdoors (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to control	dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	No
Conditions and measures related to personal sec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs



Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers; Pouring from small containers. Preparation of material for application (liquids) - transfer of material from one container to another; Formulating / blending resins, gelcoats, bonding pastes, putties etc. in blending vessels
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Use drum pumps. Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions af	fecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to posec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness



Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Equipment maintenance;
	Maintenance of small items. Equipment cleaning and maintenance
	Equipment cleaning and maintenance
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures
	Use suitable eye protection.
	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.
	In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
	protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	15 mins to 1 hour
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk m	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affect	cting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to co	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (6) contro	lling professional worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment
Qualitative Risk Assessment	<u>'</u>



General	Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	15 mins to 1 hour
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk r	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affe	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (7) contro	olling professional worker exposure for PROC 10
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Scenario subtitle	Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operations; Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, semicontinuous production of flat panels and laminates
Qualitative Risk Assessment	·



ong handled brushes and rollers where possible
e good work practices are implemented de basic employe training to prevent/minimize ures uitable eye protection. uitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. e of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory tion with adeguate effectiveness.
)
m
urs (default)
s / week
n^2
exposure
rs
(30%)
sional
on and exposure
on, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
s APF 5 80 %
espiratory protection when exposure occurs
ocal exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
sional worker exposure for PROC 10
oller application or brushing
ng, immersion and pouring;
g, Brushing; r, spreader, flow application cation of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes sives.



	Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate
 	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented
Qualitative Risk Assessment	Application of floorings, mastics, coatings, castings
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of floorings, mastics, coatings, castings
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Contributing Scenario (9) contro	olling professional worker exposure for PROC 10
Respiratory protection	yes
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Domain	professional
Ventilation	good (30%)
Location Location	indoors
Other given operational conditions affe	
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Human factors not influenced by risk n	
Duration of activity Frequency of use	>4 hours (default) 5 days / week
Frequency and duration of use	A house (default)
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Concentration in substance	100%
Physical state	liquid
Product characteristics	
	exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures



Dhysical state	ti-mid
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	anagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm^2
Other given operational conditions affect	ting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to co	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to pers sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	yes
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (10) contro	olling professional worker exposure for PROC 11
Name of contributing scenario	11 - Non industrial spraying
Scenario subtitle	Spraying; Spraying (manually) All open mould applications where resins is applied by manual spraying in an open work environement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop"
1	filament winding
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
Qualitative Risk Assessment General	Keep people not involved in the activity, away from the operation Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374, in combination with intensive management supervision control. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate
General	Keep people not involved in the activity, away from the operation Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374, in combination with intensive management supervision control.
	Keep people not involved in the activity, away from the operation Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374, in combination with intensive management supervision control. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate



Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	1 - 4 hours
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by ris	k management
Exposed skin surface	$1,500 \text{ cm}^2$
Other given operational conditions a	ffecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures t	o control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to sec.8 of SDS	personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	yes
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness