

SAFETY DATA SHEET MICROSEAL T20

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	MICROSEAL T20	
Product number	8225	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	Solvent for Industrial Use	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the supplicit states and the supplicit states are supplied as the supplicit states are supplicit. The supplicit states are supplicit. The supplicit states are supplicit states are supplicit states are supplicit states are supplicit. The supplicit states are supplicit states are supplicit states are supplicit. The supplicit states are supplicit states are supplicit states are supplicit. The supplicit states are supplicit states are supplicit states are supplicit. The supplicit states are supplicit states are supplicit states are supplicit. The supplicit states are supplicit states are supplicit states are supplicit. The supplicit states are supplicit states are supplicit states are supplicit	the safety data sheet	
Supplier	Samuel Banner & Co Ltd Hampton Court Manor Park Runcorn Cheshire WA7 1TU, UK +44 (0)1928 597 000 (General Enquiries) +44 (0)1928 597 001 (Fax)	
Contact person	sdsadmin@bannerchemicals.com	
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	mber	
Emergency telephone	0207 405 5375 (National Chemical Emergency Centre) 0870 190 6777 (National Chemical	
	Emergency Centre) +44 (0)1270 502891	
SECTION 2: Hazards identific		
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Precautionary statements	 P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P313 Get medical advice/ attention. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. The material and container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. 		
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin	dryness or cracking.	
Contains	Acetone, CYCLOHEXANONE		
2.3. Other hazards			
SECTION 3: Composition/int	formation on ingredients		
3.2. Mixtures			
Acetone		60-100%	
CAS number: 67-64-1	EC number: 200-662-2	REACH registration number: 01- 2119471330-49-xxxx	
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336			
CYCLOHEXANONE		30-60%	
CAS number: 108-94-1	EC number: 203-631-1	REACH registration number: 01- 2119453616-35-xxxx	
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318			

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing and rinse skin thoroughly with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information No additional symptoms or effects are anticipated.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	The product is flammable. Heating may generate flammable vapours.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Oxides of carbon.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e measures
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Do not breathe vapour. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
6.2. Environmental precaution	<u>s</u>
Environmental precautions	Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material.
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely.
6.4. Reference to other section	ns
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13.
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	ling
Usage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with skin and eyes.
7.2. Conditions for safe storag	e, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
SECTION 8: Exposure Contro	Is/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Acetone

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³

CYCLOHEXANONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 ppm 41 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 20 ppm 82 mg/m³ Sk

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

Acetone (CAS: 67-64-1)

DNEL	Industry - Dermal; Long term : 186 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Short term : 2420 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term : 1210 mg/m ³ Consumer - Oral; Long term : 62 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term : 62 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 200 mg/m ³
PNEC	 Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l Marine water; 1.06 mg/l Sediment; 30.4 mg/kg Sediment; 3.04 mg/kg Soil; 0.112 mg/kg STP; 29.5 mg/l
	CYCLOHEXANONE (CAS: 108-94-1)
Ingredient comments	WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits
DNEL	Industry - Dermal; Short term : 100 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Short term : 100 mg/m ³ Industry - Dermal; Long term : 10 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term : 80 mg/m ³ Consumer - Dermal; Short term : 30 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Short term : 50 mg/m ³ Consumer - Oral; Short term : 10 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term : 20 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 20 mg/m ³
PNEC	 Fresh water; 0.0329 mg/l Marine water; 0.00329 mg/l STP; 10 mg/l Sediment; Freshwater 0.0951 mg/kg Soil; 0.0143 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
Eye/face protection	Wear chemical splash goggles. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.
Hand protection	It is recommended that chemical-resistant, impervious gloves are worn. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. It should be noted that liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent changes are recommended.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Respiratory protection	If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

	<u> </u>
Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Water-white.
Odour	Pungent. Irritating.
Initial boiling point and range	56°C
Flash point	-18°C
Relative density	0.879 @ 20°C
Auto-ignition temperature	430°C
9.2. Other information	
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity
10.1. Reactivity	
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidising agents. Acids
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	on products
Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Oxides of carbon.
SECTION 11: Toxicological in	formation
11.1. Information on toxicolog	ical effects

Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg)	1,612.9
Acute toxicity - dermal ATE dermal (mg/kg)	3,548.39
Acute toxicity - inhalation ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	35.48
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation.
Ingestion	Swallowing concentrated chemical may cause severe internal injury.
Skin contact	Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation. Product has a defatting effect on skin. May cause allergic contact eczema.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.
Target organs	Respiratory system, lungs Eyes Skin
Toxicological information on in	aredients

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Acetone

Toxicological effects	Low order of acute toxicity. Oral rat LD50:1700-10700mg/kg. A single application to the rabbit eye produced conjunctival irritation and transient corneal damage (stippling epithelial damage): A single 4h semi occlusive application to intact rabbit skin produced no sign of dermal irritation. The product did not exhibit mutagenic activity (with and without matabolic activation) in: Salmonella typhimurium. Chinese hamster ovary cells and human lymphocytes. Negative results were achevied during studies designed to investigate the potential to induce birth defects by inhalation.
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅ mg/kg)	15,800.0
Species	Rat
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritati	ion
Serious eye damage/irritation	Moderately irritating.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	: Negative.
Inhalation	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes. May cause chemical eye burns.

Acute and chronic health hazards	Gas or vapour is harmful on prolonged exposure or in high concentrations. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Narcotic effect. A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Central nervous system depression. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin. Repeated exposure may cause chronic eye irritation.
Route of entry	Inhalation Skin absorption
Target organs	Central nervous system Eyes Gastro-intestinal tract Respiratory system, lungs Skin
Medical symptoms	Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Upper respiratory irritation. Skin irritation.
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies.
	CYCLOHEXANONE
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	1,620.0
Species	Rat
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	1,100.0
Species	Rabbit
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC∞ vapours mg/l)	11.0
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	11.0
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	: Not mutagenic.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Highly unlikely to be carcinogenic and are not classifiable as carcinogens.
IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
General information	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems. Extensive use of the product in areas with inadequate ventilation may result in the accumulation of hazardous vapour concentrations.
Inhalation	Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis. The product contains organic solvents. Overexposure may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication. Harmful by inhalation.

Ingestion		Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Pneumonia may be the result if vomited material containing solvents reaches the lungs.
Skin contact		Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye contact		Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.
Acute and ch hazards	nronic health	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin. Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems. Prolonged or repeated exposure to vapours in high concentrations may cause the following adverse effects: Central and/or peripheral nervous system damage. Brain damage.
Route of ent	ry	Ingestion. Inhalation
Target organ	IS	Brain Respiratory system, lungs Mucous membranes
Medical sym	ptoms	Skin irritation. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Gas or vapour in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Fatigue. Nausea, vomiting.
Medical cons	siderations	Skin disorders and allergies. Convulsions. Central nervous system depression. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.
SECTION 12: Ecological I	nformation	
Ecotoxicity	Not rega	arded as dangerous for the environment.
Ecological information on	_	
		CYCLOHEXANONE
Ecotoxicity		Not regarded as dangerous for the environment.
12.1. Toxicity		
Toxicity	Not con	sidered toxic to fish.
Ecological information on	ingredients.	
		Acetone
Acute toxicity	/ - fish	LC50, 96 hours: 5540 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) LC₅₀, 96 hours: >5500 mg/l, Algae
Acute toxicity invertebrates	•	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 8800 mg/l, Daphnia magna
		CYCLOHEXANONE
Acute toxicity	y - fish	LC50, 96 hours: ~ 500 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)
12.2. Persistence and deg		
		duct is expected to be biodegradable.
Ecological information on	ingredients.	
		Acetone
Persistence	and	Readily biodegradable

Persistence and degradability

Readily biodegradable.

CYCLOHEXANONE

Persistence and degradability	There are no data on the degradability of this product.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Bioaccumulative potential The pro	oduct has low potential for bioaccumulation.
Ecological information on ingredients.	
	Acetone
Bioaccumulative potential	The product is not bioaccumulating. BCF: 3,
Partition coefficient	: -0.24
	CYCLOHEXANONE
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coefficient	: 0.86
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Ecological information on ingredients.	
	Acetone
Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Water - : 1.5 @ 20°C
Henry's law constant	2929 Pa m3/mol @ 25°C
	CYCLOHEXANONE
Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Not available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assess	ment
Ecological information on ingredients.	
	Acetone
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
	CYCLOHEXANONE
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
Ecological information on ingredients.	
	Acetone
Other adverse effects	No known significant effects.
	CYCLOHEXANONE

Other adverse effects Not determined.		
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		
13.1. Waste treatment methods		
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and local regulations. Do not allow runoff to sewer, waterway or ground.	
SECTION 14: Transport information		
14.1. UN number		
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1993	
UN No. (IMDG)	1993	
UN No. (ICAO)	1993	
UN No. (ADN)	1993	
14.2. UN proper shipping name		
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CYCLOHEXANONE)	
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.	
Proper shipping name (ADN)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR/RID class	3	
ADR/RID classification code	F1	
ADR/RID label	3	
IMDG class	3	
ICAO class/division	3	
ADN class	3	
Transport labels		
14.4. Packing group		
ADR/RID packing group	П	
IMDG packing group	П	
ICAO packing group	П	
ADN packing group	П	

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
EmS	F-E, S-E	
ADR transport category	2	
Emergency Action Code	•3YE	
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	33	
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)	
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code		
SECTION 15: Regulatory information		
15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture		
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 CLP. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 REACH.	
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

General information	Only trained personnel should use this material. Since empty containers retain product residue, follow label warnings, even after container is emptied. For further Health and Safety information contact: Health and Safety Officer. Labels should not be removed from containers until they have been cleaned and no product remains within.
Revision comments	This SDS has been produced on new software and may appear different in presentation and style. Please check all sections carefully.
Issued by	Compliance Department
Revision date	03/08/2017
Revision	2
Supersedes date	16/07/2013
SDS number	8225
SDS status	Approved.
Hazard statements in full	 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.